

# Particle Physics – Neutrino Mass Generation via the See-Saw Mechanism

Thurston Matthews

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# Outline

Mass Matrix Construction

Diagonalization

Leptogenesis Implications

Experimental Signatures

Conclusion

# Neutrino Mass Terms: Dirac and Majorana

- ▶ **Standard Model (SM)** neutrinos are massless [1].
- ▶ Introduce right-handed neutrino fields  $N_R$  to generate masses.
- ▶ Allows for both **Dirac** and **Majorana** mass terms.

# Mass Terms in the Lagrangian

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{mass}} = -\frac{1}{2} (\overline{\nu}_L \quad \overline{N}_R^c) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & m_D \\ m_D^T & M_R \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \nu_L^c \\ N_R \end{pmatrix} + \text{h.c.}$$

- ▶  $m_D = Y_\nu \langle H \rangle$ : Dirac mass matrix.
- ▶  $M_R$ : Majorana mass matrix [2].

# Origin of Mass Terms

## **Dirac Mass Term ( $m_D$ ):**

- ▶ Couples  $\nu_L$  with  $N_R$ .
- ▶ Arises from Yukawa interactions after Higgs VEV.

## **Majorana Mass Term ( $M_R$ ):**

- ▶ Involves only  $N_R$ .
- ▶ Can be at a very high scale (GUT scale) [3,4].

# See-Saw Mechanism Approximation

- ▶ Assume  $M_R \gg m_D$  [5].
- ▶ Neutrino mass matrix:

$$\mathcal{M} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & m_D \\ m_D^T & M_R \end{pmatrix}$$

- ▶ Effective light neutrino mass:

$$m_\nu \approx -m_D M_R^{-1} m_D^T$$

# Implications of the See-Saw Mechanism

- ▶ Light neutrino masses are suppressed by large  $M_R$ .
- ▶ Explains why neutrino masses are much smaller than other fermions.
- ▶ Heavy neutrinos ( $N$ ) have masses  $\sim M_R$ .

# Baryon Asymmetry of the Universe (BAU)

- ▶ Observed matter-antimatter imbalance.
- ▶ **Leptogenesis** provides a possible explanation [6].
- ▶ Heavy  $N_R$  decay generates lepton asymmetry.



# Mechanism of Leptogenesis

1. Decay of heavy neutrinos:  $N_R \rightarrow \ell + H$ .
2. CP violation in decay rates.
3. Out-of-equilibrium decays (Sakharov conditions).
4. Sphaleron processes convert  $L$  asymmetry to  $B$  asymmetry.

# Neutrinoless Double Beta Decay ( $0\nu\beta\beta$ )

- ▶ Lepton number violating process.
- ▶ Observation would confirm Majorana nature of neutrinos [7].
- ▶ Experiments: GERDA, KamLAND-Zen, EXO-200.

# Precision Measurements

- ▶ Determination of neutrino mass hierarchy and absolute mass scale.
- ▶ Experiments: KATRIN [8], NO $\nu$ A, DUNE.
- ▶ Could provide hints supporting the see-saw mechanism.

# Lepton Flavor Violation (LFV) Processes

- ▶ Processes like  $\mu \rightarrow e\gamma$ ,  $\mu \rightarrow 3e$ .
- ▶ Induced by heavy  $N_R$  through loop diagrams [9].
- ▶ Experiments: MEG [10], Mu3e, COMET.

# Direct Production at Colliders

- ▶ Production of heavy  $N_R$  via  $pp \rightarrow \ell N_R$ .
- ▶ Challenging due to high  $M_R$  scale.
- ▶ Accessible if  $N_R$  are lighter (TeV scale) [11].

# Conclusion

- ▶ See-saw mechanism explains small neutrino masses.
- ▶ Provides framework for leptogenesis and BAU.
- ▶ Experimental efforts are crucial to validate the mechanism.

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